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Quaternary Fault and Fold Database of the United States

As of January 12, 2017, the USGS maintains a limited number of metadata fields that characterize the Quaternary faults and folds of the United States. For the most up-to-date information, please refer to the interactive fault map.

Queen Lily fault (Class A) No. 211

Last Review Date: 2017-07-01

citation for this record: **Bryant, W.A., compiler, 2017, Fault number 211, Queen Lily fault, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults, accessed 12/14/2020 02:21 PM.**

Synopsis	
Name comments	
County(s) and State(s)	PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA
Physiographic province(s)	CASCADE-SIERRA MOUNTAINS
Reliability of location	Compiled at 1: scale. *Comments:* Location of fault from Qt_flt_ver_3-0_Final_WGS84_polyline.shp (Bryant, W.A., written communication to K.Haller, August 15, 2017) attributed to map by Page and Sawyer (2004); map scale is unspecified.

Geologic setting	
Length (km)	7 km.
Average strike	
Sense of movement	Unspecified
Dip	
Paleoseismology studies	
Geomorphic expression	
Age of faulted surficial deposits	
Historic earthquake	
Most recent prehistoric deformation	undifferentiated Quaternary (<1.6 Ma) *Comments:*
Recurrence interval	
Slip-rate category	Unspecified
Date and Compiler(s)	2017 William A. Bryant, California Geological Survey
References	#8225 Page, W.D., and Sawyer, T.L., 2004, Overview of late Cenozoic faulting in the Sierra Nevada Foothills (including a reassessment of faults near New Bullards Bar Dam): Unpublished Report for Pacific Gas and Electric, 28 p.