

Quaternary Fault and Fold Database of the United States

As of January 12, 2017, the USGS maintains a limited number of metadata fields that characterize the Quaternary faults and folds of the United States. For the most up-to-date information, please refer to the <u>interactive fault map</u>.

unnamed faults south of Fourmile Butte (Class A) No. 1541

Last Review Date: 1999-01-20

citation for this record: Adams, K., and Sawyer, T.L., compilers, 1999, Fault number 1541, unnamed faults south of Fourmile Butte, in Quaternary fault and fold database of the United States: U.S. Geological Survey website, https://earthquakes.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults, accessed 12/14/2020 02:36 PM.

V	This distributed group of variously striking intra-plateau faults are near Fourmile Creek south of Fourmile Butte. Although these faults only displace Tertiary volcanic and sedimentary rocks, young movement is suspected based on their expression as minor topographic lineaments that appear to locally influence the drainage. Reconnaissance photogeologic and bedrock mapping of the faults are the sources of data. Trench investigations and detailed studies of scarp morphology have not been completed.
	Refers to faults mapped by Slemmons (1966, unpublished McDermitt 1? X 2? sheet) and Coats (1987 #2861) near Fourmile Creek south of Fourmile Butte.
County(s) and	ELVO COLINTY NEVADA

State(s)	ELRU CUUNTI, NE VADA	
Physiographic province(s)	BASIN AND RANGE	
	Good Compiled at 1:100,000 scale.	
	Comments: Fault locations are primarily based on 1:250,000-scale maps of Slemmons (1966, unpublished McDermitt 1? X 2? sheet) based on analysis of 1:60,000-scale AMS photography transferred to mylar overlaid onto a 1:250,000-scale topographic map using proportional dividers. Fault locations checked against 1:250,000-scale geologic map of Coats (1987 #2861).	
Geologic setting	This highly distributed group of predominately east-west-striking intra-plateau faults crosses the southern Owyhee form headwaters of Wolf Creek northeast of McCleary Well No. 1, eastward across Chimney Creek and Winters Creek, to Fourmile Creek south of Fourmile Butte (Slemmons, unpublished McDermitt 1? X 2? sheet).	
Length (km)	4 km.	
Average strike	N38°E	
Sense of movement	Normal Comments: (Slemmons, 1966, unpublished McDermitt 1? X 2? sheet)	
Dip Direction	N; W; E	
Paleoseismology studies		
Geomorphic expression		
Age of faulted surficial deposits	Tertiary. The faults apparently displace only Tertiary volcanic and sedimentary rocks (Coats, 1987 #2861).	
Historic earthquake		

Most recent	undifferentiated Quaternary (<1.6 Ma)				
prehistoric					
deformation	Comments: Although timing of most recent event is not well				
	constrained, a Quaternary time is suspected based on				
	reconnaissance photogeologic mapping by Slemmons (1966,				
	unpublished McDermitt 1? X 2? sheet). Dohrenwend and Morin				
	(1991 #284) do not show a fault in this location.				
Recurrence					
interval					
Slip-rate	Less than 0.2 mm/yr				
category					
	Comments: A low slip rate is inferred from general knowledge				
	slip rates estimated for other faults in the region and the modest				
	height of topographic lineaments on Tertiary bedrock.				
Date and	1999				
Compiler(s)	Kenneth Adams, Piedmont Geosciences, Inc.				
	Thomas L. Sawyer, Piedmont Geosciences, Inc.				
References	#2861 Coats, R.R., 1987, Geology of Elko County, Nevada:				
	Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology Bulletin 101, 112 p., scale				
	1:250,000.				
	#284 Dohrenwend, J.C., and Moring, B.C., 1991, Reconnaissance				
	photogeologic map of young faults in the McDermitt 1° by 2°				
	quadrangle, Nevada, Oregon, and Idaho: U.S. Geological Survey				
	Miscellaneous Field Studies Map MF-2177, 1 sheet, scale				
	1:250,000.				

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Hazards

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