

Quaternary Fault and Fold Database of the United States

As of January 12, 2017, the USGS maintains a limited number of metadata fields that characterize the Quaternary faults and folds of the United States. For the most up-to-date information, please refer to the [interactive fault map](#).

Chupines fault zone, Laguna Seca section (Class A) No. 145b

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Synopsis	<p>General: Late Quaternary active dextral-reverse slip fault with generally up-on-north vertical component of displacement. Detailed reconnaissance level of mapping for fault, based on geological mapping by Herold (1935 #6142), Fiedler (1944 #6140), Bowen (1969 #6133), Dibblee (1974 #4829), Clark and others (1974 #6136), and Rosenberg and Clark (1994 #6144). Vaughn and others (1991 #6147) reported a maximum late Pleistocene dextral slip-rate of 2 mm/yr. Rosenberg and Clark (1994 #6144) reported a Quaternary vertical slip rate of 0.14 mm/yr. No detailed site studies have been conducted.</p> <p>Sections: This fault has 3 sections.</p>
Name comments	<p>General:</p>

	<p>Section: Section name proposed in this compilation. Section extends from the bifurcation of Chupines fault near Canyon Del Rey where the fault changes to a more east-west strike southeast to its intersection with Laureles Grade Road where the fault changes to a more northwesterly strike.</p> <p>Fault ID: Refers to numbers 235 (Chupines fault) and 233 (Ord Terrace fault) of Jennings (1994 #2878).</p>
County(s) and State(s)	MONTEREY COUNTY, CALIFORNIA
Physiographic province(s)	PACIFIC BORDER
Reliability of location	<p>Good Compiled at 1:62,500 scale.</p> <p><i>Comments:</i> Location based on digital revisions to Jennings (1994 #2878) using original mapping by Bowen (1969 #6133) and Dibblee (1974 #4829) at 1:62,500; mapping by Clark and others (1997 #6137; 2000 #6138) at 1:24,000.</p>
Geologic setting	<p>Generally northwest-striking zone of discontinuous faults located in the complexly deformed Salinian block bounded by the San Andreas fault zone [1] to the northeast and the San Gregorio fault [60] zone to the southwest. Quaternary and late Quaternary traces of the Chupines fault zone extend for about 18 km from the southern side of Monterey Bay southeast to the vicinity of Calera Canyon. Traces of the Chupines fault zone extend about 16 km farther to the southeast toward the crest of the Sierra de Salinas, but this 16 km section lacks documented Quaternary displacement (Jennings, 1994 #2878). Cumulative dextral and vertical displacement is not known. Reports of vertical displacement range from 150 m of Plio-Pleistocene Paso Robles Formation (Staal Gardner and Dunne Inc., 1988 #6146), to about 300 m of vertical displacement of granitic basement rocks. Clark and others (1974 #6136) speculated that either post-Miocene faulting is minor or deformation has been manifested primarily as folding rather than faulting.</p>
Length (km)	This section is 18 km of a total fault length of 50 km.
Average strike	N73°W (for section) versus N44°W (for whole fault)
Sense of	Right lateral

movement	<p><i>Comments:</i> Displacement not well documented. Bowen (1969 #6133), Greene and others (1973 #1323), Greene (1977 #6141), and Dibblee (1974 #4829) characterized displacement as down-to-north vertical whereas Clark and others (1974 #6136) depict down-to-south vertical offset. Sieck (1964 #6145) postulated about 300 m of down-to-north vertical displacement of granitic basement rocks. Dextral strike-slip displacement has not been documented.</p>
Dip Direction	<p>V; N; S</p> <p><i>Comments:</i> Clark and others (1974 #6136) reported dips that range from 70°N to 63°S. Bowen (1980 #6134) reported vertical fault with E-W strike exposed in trench.</p>
Paleoseismology studies	
Geomorphic expression	<p>Bowen (1969 #6133) reported that the Laguna Seca section of the Chupines fault is delineated by sidehill ridges, a linear trough, and closed depressions. However, Bryant (1985 #6135) interpreted these features as landslide-related.</p>
Age of faulted surficial deposits	<p>Fault offsets Miocene Monterey and Santa Margarita Formation, Plio-Pleistocene Paso Robles Formation</p>
Historic earthquake	
Most recent prehistoric deformation	<p>late Quaternary (<130 ka)</p> <p><i>Comments:</i> Evidence of late Quaternary offset is poorly documented. Bowen (1969 #6133) mapped late Pleistocene terrace deposits as concealing traces of the Chupines fault. Geomorphic features suggest late Quaternary offset (Bowen, 1969 #6133). Buchanan-Banks and others (1978 #1244) reported Quaternary offset along this section of the Chupines fault</p>
Recurrence interval	
Slip-rate category	<p>Between 0.2 and 1.0 mm/yr</p>

Comments: Geomorphic expression of fault and association with traces to the northwest (Quaternary vertical component slip rate estimate of 0.14 mm/yr) suggest slip rate of less than 0.5 mm/yr.

**Date and
Compiler(s)**

2001
William A. Bryant, California Geological Survey

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